

TABULA RASA HEALTHCARE, INC.

**CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS SEPTEMBER 14, 2016

**TO BE EFFECTIVE UPON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE COMPANY'S REGISTRATION
STATEMENT FILED IN CONNECTION WITH THE COMPANY'S IPO**

I. PURPOSE AND POLICY

A. The primary purpose of the Audit Committee (the "**Committee**") of the Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Tabula Rasa HealthCare, Inc. (the "**Company**") shall be to act on behalf of the Board in fulfilling the Board's oversight responsibilities with respect to (i) the Company's corporate accounting and financial reporting processes, risk management and systems of internal control over financial reporting and audits of financial statements, as well as the quality and integrity of the Company's financial statements and reports, (ii) the qualifications, independence and performance of the registered public accounting firm or firms engaged as the Company's independent outside auditors for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing audit services (the "**Auditors**"), (iii) the performance of the Company's internal audit function, if and when the Company has such a function and (iv) review any reports or other disclosure required by the applicable Securities and Exchange Commission (the "**SEC**") rules and regulations to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement and periodic reports within the scope of authority outlined herein.

B. The policy of the Committee, in discharging these obligations, shall be to maintain and foster an open avenue of communication among the Committee, the Auditors, and the Company's financial management. The role of the Committee is limited to oversight. The members of the Committee shall not be full-time employees of the Company and may or may not be accountants or auditors by profession or experts in the fields of accounting or auditing, but, in any event, shall not serve in such capacity. It is not the duty of the Committee to (a) plan or conduct audits, (b) independently verify management's representations, or (c) determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate, are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), or fairly present the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with GAAP. These are the responsibilities of management and the independent registered public accounting firm.

II. COMPOSITION

The Committee shall consist of at least three (3) members of the Board. The members of the Committee shall satisfy the independence and financial literacy requirements imposed by the SEC and any stock exchange on which any of the Company's capital stock is listed, as applicable to Committee members as in effect from time to time, when and as required by the SEC and any stock exchange on which any of the Company's capital stock is listed, including any exceptions permitted by such requirements. All members of the Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a company's balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement. At least one member of the Committee shall satisfy the applicable financial sophistication requirements of any stock exchange on which any of the Company's capital stock is listed as in effect from time to time. At least

one member of the Committee shall be an “audit committee financial expert” as that term is defined by the rules and regulations of the SEC. A person who satisfies this definition of audit committee financial expert will also be presumed to have financial sophistication. Members of the Committee may only receive director and committee member fees and compensation from the Company. The members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board upon recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and shall serve for one-year terms and serve at the discretion of the Board. Vacancies occurring on the Committee shall be filled by the Board. The Committee’s chairperson shall be appointed by the Board or, if it does not do so, the Committee members shall elect a Chairman by vote of a majority of the full Committee. The Chairman (or in his or her absence, a member designated by the Chairman), shall preside at all meetings of the Committee. The members of the Committee shall serve until their resignation, retirement, or removal by the Board and until their successors shall be appointed. A majority of the independent directors of the full Board, not including the director being so removed, then in office may remove any member from the Committee at any time with or without cause.

III. MEETINGS AND MINUTES

A. The Committee shall hold such regular or special meetings as its members shall deem necessary or appropriate. The Committee will meet at least quarterly and hold such special meetings as its members shall deem necessary or appropriate. Committee meetings may be in person or by telephone conference or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.

B. The Chairman of the Committee or a majority of the members of the Committee may call a special meeting of the Committee.

C. A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for purposes of holding a meeting and the Committee may act by a vote of a majority of members present at such meeting. In lieu of a meeting, the Committee may act by unanimous written consent in accordance with the Company’s Bylaws then in effect.

D. The Committee shall meet with the independent registered public accounting firm and management in separate meetings, as often as it deems necessary and appropriate in its judgment.

E. The Committee may delegate authority to one or more members of the Committee where appropriate, but no such delegation shall be permitted if the authority is required by law, regulation, or listing standard to be exercised by the Committee as a whole.

F. The Committee may request that any directors, officers, or employees of the Company, or other persons whose advice and counsel are sought by the Committee, attend any meeting to provide such information as the Committee requests. However, the Committee shall meet regularly without such individuals present.

G. The Committee shall fix its own rules of procedure, which shall be consistent with the Bylaws of the Company then in effect and this Charter.

H. Minutes of each meeting of the Committee shall be prepared and distributed to each director of the Company and the Secretary of the Company promptly after each meeting. The Chairman of the Committee shall report to the Board from time to time, or whenever so requested by the Board.

IV. AUTHORITY

A. The Committee shall have access to all books, records, facilities and personnel of the Company as deemed necessary or appropriate by any member of the Committee to discharge his or her responsibilities hereunder. The Committee shall have authority to appoint, determine compensation for, and, at the Company's expense, retain and oversee the Auditors (as set forth in Section 10A(m)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules thereunder) and otherwise to fulfill its responsibilities under this charter. The Committee shall have authority to retain and determine compensation for, at the expense of the Company, special legal, accounting or other advisors or consultants as it deems necessary or appropriate in the performance of its duties. The Committee shall also have authority to pay, at the expense of the Company, ordinary administrative expenses (including expenditures for external resources) that, as determined by the Committee, are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties. The Committee shall have authority to require that any of the Company's personnel, counsel, accountants (including the Auditors) or investment bankers, or any other consultant or advisor to the Company attend any meeting of the Committee or meet with any member of the Committee or any of its special, outside legal, accounting or other, advisors or consultants.

B. The Committee may form and delegate authority to one or more subcommittees as appropriate. Delegation by the Committee to any subcommittee shall not limit or restrict the Committee on any matter so delegated, and, unless the Committee alters or terminates such delegation, any action by the Committee on any matter so delegated shall not limit or restrict future action by such subcommittee on such matters. The operation of the Committee shall be subject to the Bylaws of the Company as in effect from time to time and Section 141 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. Any decision of a subcommittee to preapprove audit or nonaudit services shall be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting. The approval of this Charter by the Board shall be construed as a delegation of authority to the Committee with respect to the responsibilities set forth herein.

V. RESPONSIBILITIES

A. The Committee shall oversee the Company's financial reporting process on behalf of the Board, shall have direct responsibility for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the Auditors and any other registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of performing other review or attest services for the Company. The Auditors and each such other registered public accounting firm shall report directly and be accountable to the Committee. The Committee's functions and procedures should remain flexible to address changing circumstances most effectively. To implement the Committee's purpose and policy, the Committee shall be charged with the following functions and responsibilities with the understanding, however, that the Committee may supplement or (except as otherwise required by applicable laws or rules of any stock exchange on which any of the Company's capital stock is listed) deviate from these activities as appropriate under the circumstances:

1. *Evaluation and Retention of Auditors.* To evaluate the performance of the Auditors, to assess their qualifications and to determine whether to retain, or to terminate, the engagement of the existing Auditors, or to appoint and engage a different independent registered public accounting firm, which retention shall be subject only to ratification by the Company's stockholders (if the Board elects to submit such retention for ratification by the stockholders).

2. *Communication Prior to Engagement.* Prior to engagement of any prospective Auditors, to review a written disclosure by the prospective Auditors of all relationships between the prospective Auditors, or their affiliates, and the Company, or persons in financial oversight roles at the Company, that may reasonably be thought to bear on independence, and to discuss with the prospective

Auditors the potential effects of such relationships on the independence of the prospective Auditors, consistent with Ethics and Independence Rule 3526, *Communication with Audit Committees Concerning Independence* (“**Rule 3526**”), of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (“**PCAOB**”).

3. Approval of Audit Engagements. To determine and approve engagements of the Auditors, prior to commencement of such engagements, to perform all proposed audit, review and attest services, including the scope of and plans for the audit, the adequacy of staffing, the compensation to be paid, at the Company’s expense, to the Auditors and the negotiation and execution, on behalf of the Company, of the Auditors’ engagement letters, which approval may be pursuant to preapproval policies and procedures established by the Committee consistent with applicable laws and rules, including the delegation of preapproval authority to one or more Committee members so long as any such preapproval decisions are presented to the full Committee at the next scheduled meeting.

4. Approval of Non-Audit Services. To determine and approve engagements of the Auditors, prior to commencement of such engagements (unless in compliance with exceptions available under applicable laws and rules related to immaterial aggregate amounts of services), to perform any proposed permissible non-audit services, including the scope of the service and the compensation to be paid therefor, at the Company’s expense, which approval may be pursuant to preapproval policies and procedures established by the Committee consistent with applicable laws and rules, including the delegation of preapproval authority to one or more Committee members so long as any such preapproval decisions are presented to the full Committee at the next scheduled meeting.

5. Audit Partner Rotation. To monitor the rotation of the partners of the Auditors on the Company’s audit engagement team as required by applicable laws and rules and to consider periodically and, if deemed appropriate, adopt a policy regarding rotation of auditing firms.

6. Auditor Independence. At least annually, consistent with Rule 3526, to receive and review written disclosures from the Auditors delineating all relationships between the Auditors, or their affiliates, and the Company, or persons in financial oversight roles at the Company, that may reasonably be thought to bear on independence and a letter from the Auditors affirming their independence, to consider and discuss with the Auditors any potential effects of any such relationships on the independence of the Auditors as well as any compensation or services that could affect the Auditors’ objectivity and independence, and to assess and otherwise take appropriate action to oversee the independence of the Auditors.

7. Former Employees of Auditors. To consider and, if deemed appropriate, adopt policies regarding Committee preapproval of employment by the Company of individuals employed or formerly employed by the Company’s Auditors and engaged on the Company’s account.

8. Audited Financial Statement Review. To review, upon completion of the audit, the financial statements proposed to be included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K to be filed with the SEC and to recommend whether or not such financial statements should be so included.

9. Annual Audit Results. To review with management and the Auditors, the results of the annual audit, including the Auditors’ assessment of the quality of the Company’s accounting principles and practices, the Auditors’ views about qualitative aspects of the Company’s significant accounting practices, the reasonableness of significant judgments and estimates (including material changes in estimates), all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit (other than those the Auditors believe to be trivial), the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements and any other matters required to be communicated to the Committee by the Auditors under the standards of the PCAOB.

10. Auditor Communications. At least annually, to discuss with the Auditors the matters required to be discussed by applicable auditing standards, including the matters required to be discussed pursuant to the PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 16 “Communications with Audit Committees”.

11. Quarterly Results and Reports on Form 10-Q. To review and discuss with management and the Auditors, as appropriate, the results of the Auditors’ review of the Company’s quarterly financial statements, prior to public disclosure of quarterly financial information, if practicable, or filing with the SEC of the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and any other matters required to be communicated to the Committee by the Auditors under the standards of the PCAOB.

12. Management’s Discussion and Analysis. To review and discuss with management and the Auditors, as appropriate, the Company’s disclosures contained under the caption “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in its periodic reports to be filed with the SEC.

13. Press Releases. To review and discuss with management and the Auditors, to the extent appropriate, earnings press releases, and press releases containing financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and ratings agencies, which discussions may be general discussions of the type of information to be disclosed or the type of presentation to be made. The Chairman of the Committee may represent the entire Committee for purposes of these discussions.

14. Accounting Principles and Policies. To review and discuss with management and the Auditors, as appropriate, significant issues that arise regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentation, including critical accounting policies and practices, alternative accounting policies available under GAAP related to material items discussed with management, the potential impact on the Company’s financial statements of off-balance sheet structures and any other significant reporting issues and judgments, significant regulatory, legal and accounting initiatives or developments that may have a material impact on the Company’s financial statements, compliance programs and policies if, in the judgment of the Committee, such review is necessary or appropriate.

15. Risk Assessment and Management. To review and discuss with management and the Auditors, as appropriate, the Company’s guidelines and policies with respect to financial risk management and financial risk assessment, including the Company’s major financial risk exposures and the steps taken by management to monitor and control these exposures including, but not limited to, reviewing, on an on-going basis, in conjunction with the Company’s Compensation Committee, whether the Company’s compensation programs create significant financial risk, and any action to monitor and control such risk. To review and discuss with management, as appropriate, insurance programs, including director and officer insurance, product liability insurance and general liability insurance.

16. Management Cooperation with Audit. To evaluate the cooperation received by the Auditors during their audit examination, including any significant difficulties encountered during the audit or any restrictions on the scope of their activities or access to required records, data and information and, whether or not resolved, significant disagreements with management and management’s response, if any.

17. Management Letters. To review with the Auditors and, if appropriate, management, any “management” or “internal control” letter issued or, to the extent practicable, proposed to be issued by the Auditors and management’s response, if any, to such letter, as well as any additional material written communications between the Auditors and management.

18. *Internal Audit Function.* To evaluate from time to time the necessity for the Company to adopt a formal internal audit function. At such time as the Company adopts an internal audit function, the Committee shall coordinate the Board's oversight of the performance of that function. In this regard, the Committee shall review the appointment of the senior internal auditing manager and shall review any reports to management or the Board from the internal audit department and management's response to such reports.

19. *Asset Management Policies.* To provide oversight and review of the Company's asset management policies, including an annual review of the Company's investment policies and performance for cash and short-term investments.

20. *National Office Communications.* To review with the Auditors, as appropriate, communications between the audit team and the Auditors' national office with respect to accounting or auditing issues presented by the engagement.

21. *Disagreements Between Auditors and Management.* To review with management and the Auditors, or any other registered public accounting firm engaged to perform review or attest services, any conflicts or disagreements between management and the Auditors, or such other accounting firm, whether or not resolved, regarding financial reporting, accounting practices or policies or other matters, that individually or in the aggregate could be significant to the Company's financial statements or the Auditors' report, and to resolve any conflicts or disagreements regarding financial reporting.

22. *Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* To confer with management and the Auditors, as appropriate, regarding the scope, adequacy, and effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting including (a) significant deficiencies or material weaknesses identified by the Company's Auditors, as well as any special steps adopted in light of significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, if any, and the adequacy of disclosures about changes in internal control over financial reporting, and (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have any significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting. In addition, the Committee shall review and discuss the annual report of the management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the independent registered public accounting firm's report on, and attestation of, such management assessment, to the extent required by SEC rules.

23. *Separate Sessions.* Periodically, to meet in separate sessions with the Auditors, the internal auditors (if any), as applicable and appropriate, and management to discuss any matters that the Committee, the Auditors, the internal auditors (if any), or management believe should be discussed privately with the Committee.

24. *Correspondence with Regulators.* To consider and review with management, the Auditors, outside counsel, as appropriate, and any special counsel, separate accounting firm or other consultants and advisors as the Committee deems appropriate, any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports that raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.

25. *Complaint Procedures.* To establish procedures, when and as required by applicable laws and rules, for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and the confidential and anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters, and to establish such procedures as the Committee may deem appropriate for the receipt, retention, and treatment

of complaints received by the Company with respect to any other matters that may be directed to the Committee for review and assessment.

26. *Engagement of Registered Public Accounting Firms.* To determine and approve engagements of any registered public accounting firm (in addition to the Auditors), prior to commencement of such engagements, to perform any other review or attest service, including the compensation to be paid, at the Company's expense, to such firm and the negotiation and execution, on behalf of the Company, of such firm's engagement letter, which approval may be pursuant to preapproval policies and procedures, including the delegation of preapproval authority to one or more Committee members, so long as any such preapproval decisions are presented to the full Committee at the next scheduled meeting.

27. *Regulatory and Accounting Initiatives.* To review with counsel and the Auditors and/or management, as appropriate, any significant regulatory or other legal or accounting initiatives or matters that may have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, or compliance programs and policies if, in the judgment of the Committee, such review is necessary or appropriate.

28. *Ethical Compliance.* To review the results of management's efforts to monitor compliance with the Company's programs and policies designed to ensure adherence to applicable laws and rules, as well as to its Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

29. *Investigations.* To investigate any matter brought to the attention of the Committee within the scope of its duties if, in the judgment of the Committee, such investigation is necessary or appropriate.

30. *Related Party Transactions.* To establish a policy for the identification, review, consideration and approval or ratification of transactions involving the Company and any related person, and consistent with such policy, to consider and approve or disapprove such related party transaction.

31. *Proxy Report.* To oversee the preparation of the report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

32. *Annual Charter Review.* To review and assess the adequacy of this charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

33. *Report to Board.* To report to the Board with respect to material issues that arise regarding the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the performance or independence of the Auditors, the performance of the Company's internal audit function (as applicable) or such other matters as the Committee deems appropriate from time to time or whenever it shall be called upon to do so.

34. *Internal Control Report.* At least annually to obtain and review a report by the Auditors describing that firm's internal quality-control review or peer review or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, with respect to one or more independent audits performed by the firm, as well as any steps taken to address the issues raised.

35. *Annual Committee Evaluation.* To conduct an annual evaluation of the performance of the Committee.

36. General Authority. To perform such other functions and to have such powers as may be necessary or appropriate in the discharge of any of the foregoing. The Committee shall perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, the Company's Bylaws then in effect, and governing law, as the Committee or the Board may deem necessary or appropriate.

B. It shall be the responsibility of management to prepare the Company's financial statements and periodic reports and the responsibility of the Auditors to audit those financial statements. These functions shall not be the responsibility of the Committee, nor shall it be the Committee's responsibility to ensure that the financial statements or periodic reports are complete and accurate, conform to GAAP, are free of fraud, or otherwise comply with applicable laws.